

CHESTER MEETING HOUSE:

WORD SCRAMBLE: Unscramble the bolded answer to each question.

1. What was the year the Chester Meeting House constructed?

9713

2. What was the Chester Meeting House's first use?

urcchh

3. The Town of Chester bought the meeting house in 1847 for how much?

hrete uddrneh lolards

4. Name the former uses of the Chester Meeting House.

hurhcc, lod wotn lahl, nwot etemnigs, hreate, ncertoc lahl, tisriclaho oicetsy

5. Merritt Brook and Stephen Shortland add the stage in what year?

7861

6. In 1985 an addition was built in dedication of this man who was a voice teacher, performer and trustee of the Historical Society.

torBun wllanoCr

LOOK CLOSER:

1. What is in the center of the plaques that recognizes the meeting house as one of "The National Register of Historic Places"?
2. What structure on the Chester Meeting House grounds was dedicated to Rotarian Robert Powell?



3. Where is this?

L'HOMMEDIEU PARK:

Look Closer:

Go down to the edge of the point looking out towards the pond. About five feet out from you there is a stone that looks too perfect to be naturally formed. It must be part of the old factory! Draw the shape of the stone.

L'HOMMEDIEU PARK:

WORD SEARCH: Find the answers to each question within the word search.

Words can be across, down or diagonal. Circle the answer in the word search.

1. What is the name of the stream running through the Park?
2. What is the name of the pond above the damn?
3. What river does the stream run into?
4. What large body of water does the river flow into?
5. What are the names of the two brothers who owned the first factory? (Two answers found separately in word search)
6. The two brothers built a factory, a damn and what other large factory object on the property?
7. The first factory made what material?
8. In 1815 one of the brothers invented this type of material?
9. In 1845 this man along with Jarvis Boies bought the property to make Augers and Bits?
10. In 1865 this company took over the property and became the biggest Bit manufacturing company in the world?

R	A	B	D	C	O	N	N	E	C	T	I	C	U	T	R	I	V	E	R	G	J
Z	U	H	K	N	D	C	H	V	Z	X	A	E	O	I	Q	S	P	R	O	A	C
D	R	S	T	A	E	Y	I	D	G	R	W	Q	U	L	P	J	R	G	V	B	L
K	I	I	S	G	H	U	W	A	S	S	A	O	N	B	V	I	D	J	O	P	I
I	N	N	Y	E	T	D	E	E	W	Q	D	J	J	U	Z	B	O	H	O	K	J
L	Y	G	E	T	L	O	N	G	I	S	L	A	N	D	S	O	U	N	D	M	J
W	M	L	J	I	E	L	R	N	B	T	H	W	F	D	A	E	B	F	H	I	O
U	A	E	A	R	T	Y	J	F	Q	E	M	K	O	L	P	B	L	W	A	Q	S
X	C	T	T	H	D	D	I	E	M	I	W	Q	D	S	A	T	E	K	I	M	H
L	M	W	E	J	Y	U	I	O	N	W	F	C	H	N	S	A	P	A	T	H	U
T	K	I	K	R	I	O	N	J	E	N	N	I	N	G	S	P	O	N	D	Z	A
U	Y	S	I	K	W	J	W	Q	Q	R	I	Y	N	A	S	E	D	N	T	J	V
I	M	T	T	Y	D	H	U	E	S	W	B	N	H	T	Y	N	D	F	A	S	E
T	K	S	I	L	O	N	E	Q	S	A	R	F	G	B	T	F	E	X	C	F	E
F	R	H	Y	U	Y	B	N	E	A	S	E	G	B	S	H	Y	D	O	K	U	B
I	E	I	W	D	G	T	C	H	L	Y	J	B	E	W	C	A	G	S	S	F	U
U	N	P	T	C	V	H	Y	I	A	Q	E	S	X	Z	V	O	I	M	N	V	C
X	P	A	T	T	A	C	O	N	K	B	R	O	O	K	I	N	M	O	J	U	I
N	T	F	J	B	J	I	I	N	D	A	E	W	P	J	I	B	L	P	O	I	N
T	Y	G	G	G	R	I	S	W	O	L	D	M	M	T	G	E	E	N	A	J	I
A	S	E	T	T	W	E	V	H	G	U	I	E	D	I	T	P	T	O	O	N	M
Y	U	R	B	T	H	M	H	Y	N	U	I	F	T	F	L	O	S	A	X	C	Y

CHESTER STONE WALL:

MATH ATTACK: Follow each math step in order to find out the answer to the question. Each individual number fits on the underlined lines given.

The Chester Stone Wall was the location for a trolley stop starting in 1916. On the Stone Wall, Chester is spelled out in white stones so the trolley conductor would know what town they were in. An unfortunate accident stopped the trolley service in this year shortly after it began. Solve the math problem to find what year the trolley service ended in Chester.

Start with the year the trolley service began:

Add the number of hours in a day: +

=

Subtract the number of months in a year -

=

Subtract the number of days in the month of May -

=

Add the number of days in a week +

=

Add the last two digits in 1916 +

The year the trolley service ended =

LOOK CLOSER:

Take a look at the Chester Stone Wall. How many stones make up each letter in the word Chester? What is the total number of white stones?

C=

H=

E=

S=

T=

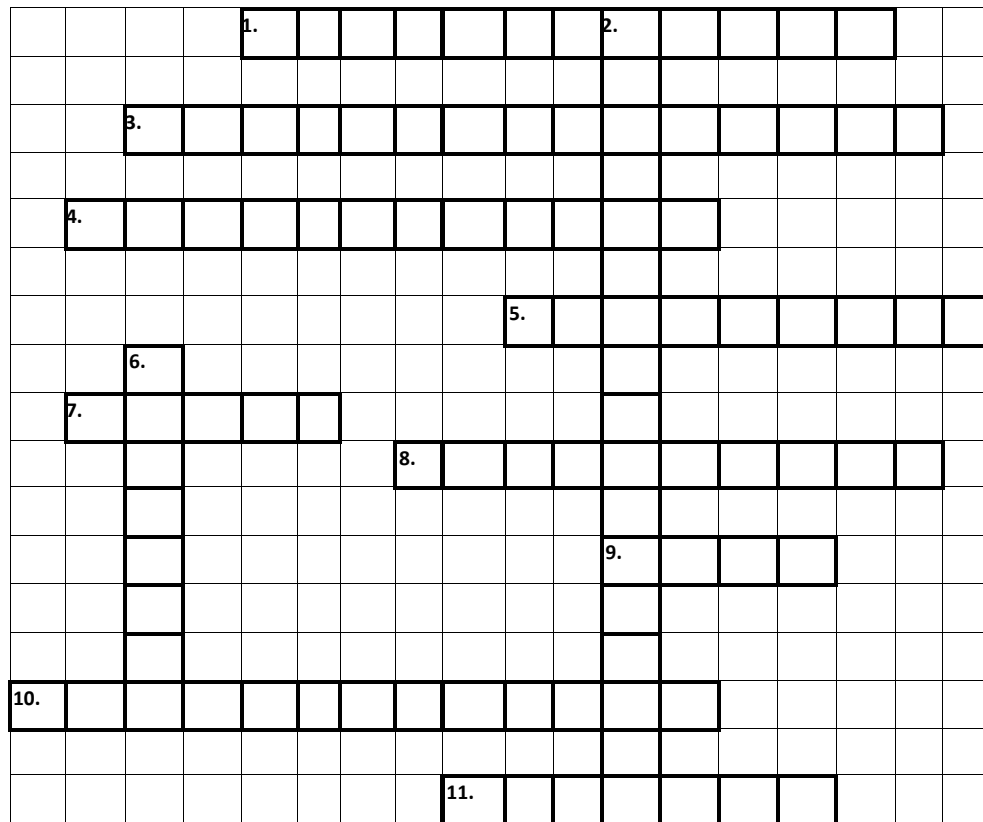
E=

R=

NORTH QUARTER PARK:

CROSSWORD: Answer questions below and fill answers into corresponding numbers on the chart. Answers will fit completely in the bold squares. Answers may be more than one word. There are no spaces in answers with more than one word.

1. What is the body of water that the trail leads to? (Two Words)
2. What is buried under the baseball field? (Three Words)
3. What was one use for the Chester Community Center? (Four Words)
4. Chester youth planted a bush at the entrance here to memorialize the victims of a federal building bombing in what city? (Two Words)
5. What was a second use for the Chester Community Center?
6. Name a recreational activity that can be done here.
7. What kind of tree was planted next to the playground to commemorate Earth Day 20 in 1990?
8. Name another recreational activity that can be done here.
9. What destroyed the Chester Community Center?
10. What was a third use for the Chester community Center? (Two Words)
11. Name a type of duck that could be found on the water?



LOOK CLOSER:

List 6 varieties of trees that can be found on the North Quarter Park Trail.

Which tree is labeled with an incorrect spelling?

OLD BURYING GROUND:

LOST AND FOUND SKETCHING: Look through the Old Burying Ground to find the answers to the questions and the items to sketch.

1. What is the oldest gravestone you can find in the Old Burying Ground?
2. What year was this person born in?
3. Find a person born before the United States became a country.

Sketch the headstone, below.

LOOK CLOSER:

Find the grave of Chester W. Brooks. He was part of the 29th Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers. Something is quite bizarre with his gravestone. It faces the woods instead of the road! It is located near an ancient tree.

Draw the shape of the leaves, below.

What kind of tree is it?

I spy Chester.....more than meets the eye!

CHESTER PUBLIC LIBRARY:

Building Puzzle: What is the first thing you notice when you walk up to the Chester Library? The columns? The wide steps up to the big front doors? The contrast between the rough cut building stone and the smooth stone trim? Or is it the tile roof or the pediment over the front doors?

These are all features of a style called Beaux Arts, which was very popular for public buildings when S. Mills Ely gave Chester this library building in 1907. Grand Central Terminal in New York City and the New York Public Library are two well-known buildings in this same style. Evoking buildings of ancient Greece or Rome and designed to make a grand impression, Beaux Arts structures typically have a symmetrical façade adorned with columns and a pediment over the door, they frequently have a raised first story, and subtle use of more than one color adds further interest. Inside, mosaics and sculptures often adorn the spaces. Take a closer look.

I spy with my little eye:

The many colors used on the building's exterior, including _____ & _____ stone, _____ tile roof, two doors that are painted _____.

An _____ to keep birds from roosting near the front doors.

If the library is open, come inside and ask a librarian to show you a special quirk about the mosaic floor in the entryway. What is it?

At the far end of the parking lot is a Garden Club tribute to an important person, a library volunteer! Her name was _____. She and her friend, Helen LaFlair, were in charge of library book sales for many years.

LOOK CLOSER:

I spy on the Library door pictures of then and now. Can you spy two differences?
